LIST OF TABLES

Table 2.1	Related to Health	6
Table 2.2	Availability of Basic Services in the Household that are Related to Health According to Area of Residence (Most Recent Survey)	7
Table 2.3	Trends in the Availability of Goods and Services in the Household	7
Table 2.4	Availability of Goods and Services in the Household According to Area of Residence	8
Table 2.5	Trends in The Educational Level of Women Who Have Been Interviewed Women Aged 15–49	12
Table 2.6	Educational Level of Women Who Have Been Interviewed According to Area of Residence Women Aged 15–49	14
Table 2.7	Trends in the Religion Professed by Female Respondents: Women Aged 15-49.	16
Table 3.1	Trends in Total Fertility Rates by Area of Residence: Women Aged 15-49	18
Table 3.2	Trends in Total Fertility Rates According to Education: Women Aged 15-49	19
Table 3.3	Trends in Age-Specific and Total Fertility Rates: Women Aged 15–49	20
Table 3.4	Age-Specific and Total Fertility Rates According to Area of Residence: Women Aged 15–49 (Most Recent Survey)	22
Table 3.5	Median Age at First Intercourse First Union and First Birth According to Sex of Respondent: Women Aged 15–49 and Men Aged 15–59 (Most Recent Survey)	26
Table 3.6	Percent Currently in a Union According to Age and Sex of Respondent: Women Aged 15–49 and Men Aged 15–59 (Most Recent Survey)	28
Table 3.7	Percent of Births Occuring Within Select Periods of Time Since the Previous Birth: Births of Order 2 and Higher in the Five Years Before the Survey (Most Recent Survey)	29
Table 3.8	Wanted and Unwanted Total Fertility Rates According to Area of Residence Women Aged 15–49 (Most Recent Survey)	32
Table 3.9	Mean Ideal Number of Children According to Sex of Respondent and Area of Residence: Women Aged 15-49 and Men Aged 15-59 (Most Recent Survey)	34
Table 4.1	Knowledge of Specific Contraceptive Methods: Married Women of Fertile Age and Married Men Aged 15–59 (Most Recent Survey)	38
Table 4.2	Trends in Contraceptive Use by Area of Residence: Married Women of Fertile Age (Most Recent Survey)	39
Table 4.3	Trends in the Use of Contraceptive Methods by Method and Type of Method Married Women of Fertile Age	40

Reproductive, Maternal, and Child Health in Central America

Table 4.4	Current Use of Contraceptive Methods According to Area of Residence: Married Women of Fertile Age (Most Recent Survey)	41
Table 4.5	Trends in the Use of Contraceptive Methods by Age: Married Women of Fertile Age	42
Table 4.6	Trends in the Source of Modern Contraceptive Methods: Married Women of Fertile Age	46
Table 4.7	Desire to Use Contraceptive Methods Now or in the Future by Area of Residence: Married Women of Fertile Age Non-Users of Contraception (Most Recent Survey)	48
Table 4.8	Preferred Contraceptive Method Among Married Women of Fertile Age Non-Users of Contraception Who Desire to Use Contraceptives Now or in the Future (Most Recent Survey)	49
Table 5.1	Reported Sexual Experience by Marital Status at Time of First Sexual Experience According to Current Age: Women and Men Aged 15–24 (Most Recent Survey)	52
Table 5.2	Reported Sexual Experience by Marital Status at Time of First Sexual Experience According to Area of Residence: Women and Men Aged 15–24 (Most Recent Survey)	53
Table 5.3	Age at First Sexual Experience According to Area of Residence: Women Aged 15–24 (Most Recent Survey)	54
Table 5.4	Age at First Sexual Experience According to Area of Residence: Men Aged 15–24 (Most Recent Survey)	55
Table 5.5	Use of Contraceptives in First Sexual Relation by Marital Status at Time of First Sexual Experience According to Area of Residence: Women and Men Aged 15–24 (Most Recent Survey)	57
Table 5.6	Primary Reasons For Not Using Contraceptives During First Sexual Experience: Women and Men Aged 15–24 Whose First Sexual Relation Was Marital Or Premarital (Most Recent Survey)	59
Table 5.7	Sexual Activity and Use of Contraceptives During the 30 Days Prior to Interview According to Current Marital Status: Women Aged 15–24 With Sexual Experience (Most Recent Survey)	60
Table 5.8	Sexual Activity and Use of Contraceptives During the 30 Days Prior to Interview According to Current Marital Status: Men Aged 15–24 With Sexual Experience (Most Recent Survey)	61
Table 5.9	Percent of Women Who Have Ever Been Pregnant According to Marital Status at Time of First Pregnancy By Actual Age: Women Aged 15–24 (Most Recent Survey)	62
Table 5.10	Percentage of Women Who Did Not Believe They Could Become Pregnant When They Became Pregnant the First Time According to Age at First Pregnancy: Ever-pregnant Women Aged 15–24 (Most Recent Survey)	64
Table 5.11	Primary Reasons for Believing That Could Not Become Pregnant the First Time: Ever-pregnant Women Aged 15–24 (Most Recent Survey)	65

VIII List of Tables

Trends and Challenges Facing Women and Childern

Table 5.12	Percentage of Women Who Did Not Plan Their First Pregnancy According to Age at First Pregnancy: Women Aged 15–24 (Most Recent Survey)	65
Table 5.13	Percentage of Women Who Were Students When They First Became Pregnant According to Age at First Pregnancy: Women Aged 15–24 (Most Recent Survey)	66
Table 5.14	Percentage of Women Who Resumed Their Studies After They Completed Their First Pregnancy According to Grade Level When Suspended Their Studies: Women Aged 15–24 (Most Recent Survey)	67
Table 5.15	Percentage of All Women and Men Who Have Received Information From Talks Or Courses on Various Topics Related to Sexuality and Reproductive Health: Women and Men Aged 15–24 (Most Recent Survey)	68
Table 6.1	Knowledge of Gonorrhea and Syphilis According to Area of Residence: Women of Fertile Age and Men Aged 15–59 (Most Recent Survey)	72
Table 6.2	Knowledge of HIV/AIDS and Percent Who Know That HIV Infections Can be Asymptomatic and that no Cure Exists for AIDS According to Area of Residence: Women of Fertile Age and Men Aged 15–59 (Most Recent Survey)	74
Table 6.3	Number of Means Mentioned Spontaneously to Prevent the Transmission of HIV/AIDS According to Area of Residence: Women of Fertile Age and Men Aged 15–59 (Most Recent Survey)	78
Table 6.4	Percentage of Women and Men Who Mentioned Spontaneously the Primary Means to Prevent the Sexual Transmission of HIV/AIDS According to Area of Residence: Women of Fertile Age and Men Aged 15–59 (Most Recent Survey)	79
Table 6.5	Knowledge of the Test to Detect HIV According to Area of Residence: Women of Fertile Age and Men Aged 15–59 (Most Recent Survey)	80
Table 6.6	Knowledge of the Test to Detect HIV and Ever Been Tested For HIV/AIDS According to Education: Women of Fertile Age and Men Aged 15–59 (Most Recent Survey)	81
Table 6.7	Acceptance of Persons Living With HIV/AIDS According to Area of Residence: Women Aged 15–49 and Men Aged 15–59 (Most Recent Survey)	83
Table 6.8	Knowledge and Use of Condoms According to Area of Residence: Women Aged 15–49 and Men Aged 15–59 (Most Recent Survey)	84
Table 6.9	Number of Sexual Partners in the 12 Months Prior to Interview According to Marital Status: Men Aged 15–59 With Sexual Experience in the Previous 12 Months (Most Recent Survey)	86
Table 6.10	Number of Sexual Partners in the 12 Months Prior to Interview With Whom Condoms Were Used in the Last Sexual Relation According to Number of Sexual Partners: Men With Sexual Experience During the Previous 12 Months (Most Recent Survey)	87
Table 6.11	Use of Condoms in Last Sexual Relation According to Relation to Sexual Partner: Men Aged 15–59 (Most Recent Survey)	

Table 6.12 Percentage of Men Who Believe That Condoms are Effective in Preventing the Transmission of HIV According to Education: Men Aged 15–59 (Most Recent Survey)	89
Table 7.1 Trends in the Use of Prenatal Care: Live Births in the Five Years Prior to the Survey	92
Table 7.2 Use of Prenatal Care According to Area of Residence By Trimester of First Visit and Number of Controls: Live Births in the 5 Years Prior to the Survey (Most Recent Survey)	93
Table 7.3 Trends in the Percentage of Deliveries Attended in a Medical Facility By Area of Residence: Live Births in the 5 Years Prior to the Survey	96
Table 7.4 Trends in the Percentage of All Deliveries That Were By Cesarean Section: Live Births in the 5 Years Prior to the Survey	100
Table 7.5 Trends in the Use of Postpartum Care: Live Births in the 5 Years Prior to the Survey	101
Table 7.6 Percentage of Women Who Have Ever Been Screened For Cervical Cancer By Area of Residence: All Sexually Experienced Women Aged 15–49 (Most Recent Survey)	103
Table 7.7 Percentage of Women Who Have Received Two Or More Doses of Tetanus Toxoid in Their Life By Area of Residence: Women Aged 15–49 (Most Recent Survey)	103
Table 8.1 Trends in Infant and Child Mortalit	107
Table 8.2 Infant and Child Mortality Estimates According to Area of Residence (Most Recent Survey)	108
Table 8.3 Infant and Child Mortality Estimates According to Education of Mother (Most Recent Survey)	109
Table 8.4 Infant and Child Mortality Estimates According to Age of Mother at Birth (Most Recent Survey)	110
Table 8.5 Infant and Child Mortality Estimates According to Previous Birth Interval (Most Recent Survey)	111
Table 8.6 Infant and Child Mortality Estimates According to Birth Order (Most Recent Survey)	113
Table 8.7 Infant Mortality Estimates According to Place of Birth (Most Recent Survey	y)114
Table 8.8 Perinatal Mortality Estimates According to Area of Residence (Most Recent Survey)	116
Table 9.1 Percentage of Children Weighed at Birth Or During the 7 Days Following Birth By Area of Residence: Live Births During the 5 Years Prior to the Survey (Most Recent Survey)	120
Table 9.2 Trends in the Use of Well-baby Care: Live Births During The Five Years Prior To The Survey To Women Of Fertile Age	121

X List of Tables

Trends and Challenges Facing Women and Childern

Table 9.3	Percentage of Children Aged 12–23 Months Who are Fully Immunized According to Area of Residence By Vaccine (Most Recent Survey)	122
Table 9.4	Trends in the Percentage of Children Aged 12–23 Months Who are Fully Immunized By Vaccine	124
Table 9.5	Percentage of Children With Diarrhea During the Two Weeks Prior to Interview By Area of Residence: Children Less Than 5 Years of Age (Most Recent Survey)	126
Table 9.6	Percentage of Children With Diarrhea During the Two Weeks Prior to Interview By Age of Child (In Months): Children Less Than 5 Years of Age (Most Recent Survey)	127
Table 9.7	Percentage of Children Less Than 5 Years of Age With Diarrhea During the Two Weeks Prior to Interview Whose Mothers Consulted With Someone About Their Recent Episode of Diarrhea By Area of Residence: Children Less Than 5 Years of Age (Most Recent Survey)	128
Table 9.8	Percentage of Children With Diarrhea During the Two Weeks Prior to Interview Whose Mothers Treated Them With Oral Rehydration Salts By Area of Residence: Children Less Than 5 Years Of Age (Most Recent Survey)	128
Table 9.9	Percentage of Children With Diarrhea During the Two Weeks Prior to Interview Whose Mothers Increased the Amount of Liquids Given to Them During Their Recent Episode of Diarrhea By Area of Residence: Children Less Than 5 Years of Age (Most Recent Survey)	129
Γable 9.10	Percentage of Children With Respiratory Infections During the Two Weeks Prior to Interview By Area of Residence: Children Less Than 5 Years of Age (Most Recent Survey)	130
Γable 9.11	Percentage of Children With Respiratory Infections During the Two Weeks Prior to Interview By Age of Child (In Months): Children Less Than 5 Years of Age (Most Recent Survey)	131
Γable 9.12	Percentage of Children Less Than 5 Years of Age With Respiratory Infections During the Two Weeks Prior to Interview Whose Mothers Consulted With Someone About Their Illness By Area of Residence: Children Less Than 5 Years of Age (Most Recent Survey)	132
Γable 9.13	Percentage of Children Less Than 5 Years of Age With Respiratory Infections During the Two Weeks Prior to Interview Who Were Treated With Antibiotics By Area of Residence (Most Recent Survey)	132
Table 10.1	Trends in the Initiation of Breastfeeding: Live Births in the 5 Years Prior to the Survey	136
Table 10.2	Trends in the Mean Duration of Breastfeeding (in months): Live Births in the 5 Years Prior to the Survey	137
Table 10.3	Percentage of Children Who are Currently Being Exclusively Breastfed According to Age of Child in Months (Most Recent Survey)	138

Reproductive, Maternal, and Child Health in Central America

Table 10.4 Type of Breastfeeding (Indicators of the World Health Organization) According to Area of Residence by Age of Child (In Months): Children Aged 0–23 Months (Most Recent Survey)	139
Table 10.5 Percent of Children Classified as Undernourished by Three Anthropometric Indices* According to Area of Residence: Children Aged 3–59 Months (Most Recent Survey)	140
Table 10.6 Trends in the Percentage of Children Classified as Undernourished by Three Anthropometric Indices*: Children Aged 3–59 Months	141
Table 10.7 Percentage of Children With Anemia According to Selected Characteristics: Children Aged 12–59 Months (Most Recent Survey)	146
Table 10.8 Percentage of Children With Anemia According to Education of Mother: Children Aged 12–59 Months (Most Recent Survey)	147
Table 10.9 Percentage of Women With Anemia According to Selected Characteristics Non-Pregnant Women Aged 15–49 Years With Children Aged 3–59 Months (Most Recent Survey)	148
Table 10.10 Percentage of Women With Anemia According to Education: Non-Pregnant Women Aged 15–49 Years With Children Aged 3–59 Months (Most Recent Survey)	149
Table 11.1 Educational Status of Children Aged 7–14 Years According to Selected Characteristics: El Salvador 2002/03	152
Table 11.2 Educational Status of Children Aged 7–14 Years According to Selected Characteristics: Guatemala 2002	153
Table 11.3 Educational Status of Children Aged 7–14 Years According to Selected Characteristics: Honduras 2001	154
Table 11.4 Percentage of Children Repeating a Grade During the Year of the Survey According to Age at Beginning of School Year: Children Aged 7–14 Who Were Attending School (Most Recent Survey)	157
Table 11.5 Primary Reasons For Dropping Out of School Children Aged 7–14 Who Have Dropped Out of School	158

XII List of Tables